

Grantee information

Name of Grantee: Mr. Yuli Nugroho (API Fellow batch 5)

For more than 20 years, I have been involved in several studies related to rural and regional development, poverty alleviation, and local institutions, among others, throughout Indonesia. Specifically, since year 2000, I have been focusing on forestry/ the environment, particularly the decentralization and devolution of natural (forest) management. I have been the recipient of some research fellowships from various entities, among them, API (Asian Public Intellectual), ASF (Asian Scholarship Foundation), and AIGRP (Australia Indonesia Governance Research Partnership). These fellowships have allowed me to research on the decentralization and devolution of forest management in the Philippines (for six months in 2005), Thailand (for six months in 2006), Kerala, India (for nine months in 2008) and Indonesia.

As a researcher and activist, I am familiar with working with multiple actors and stakeholders, especially since in the forestry sector I also promote and support collaborative management. I am also familiar working with donor and international development organizations. I have engaged with several networks such as: BaBA (Building a Better Asia), South-east Asia Development Practitioners, Asian Public Intellectuals, etc. In years 2009 to 2012, I served as a core member of the Indonesian working group for the API Regional Project titled “Community-based Initiatives for Human-Ecological Balanced Environments” (Japan, Thailand, the Philippines, Malaysia, and Indonesia).

Education

2002 MSc in Social Development from Ateneo de Manila University, Philippines
1992 BSc in Forest Management from the Faculty of Forestry, Gadjah Mada University, Yogyakarta, Indonesia

Collaborators: Dr. Wataru Fujita and Dr. Lukas P. Rumboko
Dr. Wataru Fujita (API Fellow batch 3)

I have been engaged in sociological and anthropological researches on many local people’s everyday interactions with their natural environments, and how they relate to the state’s conservation policies and their implementation. My main research site has been Northeast Thailand. For my comparative researches, I conducted field researches in Malaysia’s Sarawak and Indonesia’s Kalimantan. My most recent research topic is the change in the local people’s livelihood arising from the expansion of oil palm and rubber cultivation.

Education

2000 Doctoral studies (Human and Environmental Studies), Kyoto University.
1997 Masteral studies (Human and Environmental Studies), Kyoto University.
1994 LL.B., Kyoto University.

Dr. Lukas P. Rumboko

I have been working in the Forest Research and Development Agency (PUSPIJAK), Ministry of Forestry, for more than 15 years now. My focus area has been socio-cultural studies, especially in relation to forest resource conflicts, livelihoods, poverty, and rural development, as well as climate change adaptation,

good governance and democracy, and the indigenous people. My most recent research topic was on facilitating democracy for improving local forest management.

Education

- 2008 – 2012 PhD in Community Forestry Policy, Charles Sturt University, Australia
2000 – 2002 MSC in Ecotourism, Wageningen University, The Netherlands
1986 – 1992 Bachelor in Sociology, Gadjah Mada University, Yogyakarta, Indonesia

Project title:

Participatory Governance in Developing Social Safeguards in REDD + Implementation in Central Kalimantan

Abstract:

The Indonesian government has set a reduction target in greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions of 26% to 41% below 1990 levels, by 2020. Recognizing that as much as 85% of the total GHG emissions in Indonesia resulted from the land use, land-use change, and forestry (LULUCF) sector, Indonesia's approach to climate change and land use emissions is becoming increasingly relevant on the global stage.

The research is going to investigate how stakeholders (government apparatus from the central to the district levels, NGOs, local communities, civil society, etc) perceive REDD+ (Reduced Emission from Degradation and Deforestation +) by looking at their interpretation of it. Then, it will investigate how their different interpretations will affect their cooperative efforts to foster participatory governance, among and between them, with the end in view by developing social safeguards and improving REDD+ implementation.

The research will be conducted in Central Kalimantan province, which has already been designated as one of the pilot provinces for REDD+ (Reduced Emission from Degradation and Deforestation plus enhancing carbon stocks by forest rehabilitation and sustainable forest management) activities by task force letter No B-41/REDD/12/2010 dated 28 December 2010.

Deliverables:

1. Research/policy paper based on data gathered from the field (primary and secondary), specifically focusing on implementing social safeguards in REDD + project implementation.
2. Dissemination of the findings among academic and policy-makers.
3. Dissemination of the findings in national and international forums.

Outputs:

The major output of the research is a research/policy paper based on primary and secondary data gathered from the field. Specifically, the paper will focus on implementing social safeguards in REDD+ project implementation (that is, appropriate mechanisms to involve the local community in the strategic implementation of social safeguards).